

(5 points each for the following exercises)

1. Find a proof of Menger's Theorem which is different from the proof given in Lecture 6.
2. Use maximum flow - minimum cut theorem to prove Hall's Theorem.
3. A non-negative $n \times n$ matrix $A = (a_{ij})$ is said to be doubly stochastic if both row sum and column sum are equal to 1. Prove that there exist positive real numbers d_k , $k = 1, 2, \dots, m$ with their sum is 1 and permutation matrices P_k 's such that $A = d_1P_1 + d_2P_2 + \dots + d_mP_m$.
4. Show that Petersen graph does not contain a Hamilton cycle.
5. Let Z be an arbitrarily given 2-factor with n vertices. Prove that the circulant graph $G(n; \{1,2\})$ can be decomposed into a 2-factor Z and a Hamilton cycle.
6. Find a good lower bound and a good upper bound for $R(5, 5)$.
7. Let a graph G be 2-cell embedded on an orientable surface with n handles. Prove that if G has p vertices, q edges and f faces, then $p - q + f = 2 - 2n$. (Euler-Poincare theorem)
8. (Bonus) Determine $Cr(K_3)$ and $Cr(K_{3,8})$.