

# Graph Theory (II), Exercise (II)

Due May 30, 2007.

1. Prove that  $ex(n; K_{r+1}) = \|T_r(n)\|$  and  $T_r(n)$  is the unique extremal graph. (Give at least two different proofs of the first part.)
2. Prove that  $ex(n; K_{s,t}) \leq \frac{1}{2}(s-1)^{\frac{1}{t}}n^{2-\frac{1}{t}} + \frac{1}{2}(t-1)n$ ,  $t \leq s$ . (Give at least two different proofs.)
3. For infinitely many positive integers  $n$ , find a graph  $G$  of order  $n$  such that  $K_{2,2} \not\subseteq G$  and  $\|G\| \approx \frac{1}{2}n^{\frac{3}{2}}$ .
4. Find a  $C_4$ -saturated graph of order  $n$  with minimum number of edges for each positive integer  $n$ .
5. Find a  $K_{2,3}$ -saturated graph of order  $n$  with minimum number of edges.
6. Find  $z(n, n; 2, 2)$  for as many  $n$  as possible.
7. For each positive integer  $t$ ,  $20 \leq t \leq 36$ , find a subgraph  $G$  of  $K_{9,12}$  which is  $C_4$ -saturated and  $\|G\| = t$ .
8. For every graph  $H$  with at least one edge, prove that 
$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{ex(n; H)}{\binom{n}{2}} = \frac{\chi(H) - 2}{\chi(H) - 1}.$$
9. Given  $n$  points in the plane, prove that the distance is exactly 1 for at most  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}n^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{n}{4}$  pairs.
10. Construct a graph  $G$  of order 11 such that  $K_{3,3} \not\subseteq G$  and  $G$  has at least  $\lfloor \frac{1}{2}(11^{\frac{5}{3}}) \rfloor$  edges.